

MARKET LAMBS

Condition: More nicely conditioned
Higher degree of Finish

Negative Condition: Over Finished
Under Finished
Uneven Finish
Extremely over condition
Wastely down top, over ribs, and in base of leg

Carcass: More muscular
Higher yielding carcass
Higher Cutability carcass
Higher Dressing

Negative carcass: Low yielding
Wastely, fatty carcass
Narrow, light muscled carcass

Lead ins: Powerfully made
Most complete lamb
Best Combination lamb
Bolder sprung
Wider Based
Will yield more pounds of leg and loin
Handles with more depth of loin
Highest cutability
Handles with more muscle down rack, depth of loin, and circumference of
Leg
More total dimension

Negative: Extremely over conditioned
Under Finished
Lowest Yielding

Leanness: Higher cut ability
Cleaner necked
Cleaner chested
Leaner chested

Muscle: Views with more muscle down rack
Inner and outer dimension of leg
Thick rumped
Length of loin
Deeper loin

More expression of muscle
Thicker down rack and top
More natural thickness down top
More total dimension to leg
Firmer leg
Deeper, Wider loin
Fuller Rumped
Longer Rumped

Negative: Light muscle
Narrow topped
Shallow legged
More narrow, shallower loin
Narrow, lightly muscled carcass

Breeding Ewe:

Lead Ins: Most Capacious
Nicer Profiling
Leveler docked
Longest Bodied
Wider Chested
Largest Framed
Will take a more graceful stride off both ends of her skeleton

Negative: Poorly Balanced
Coarsest Featured

Structure: Heavy boned
Straighter in leg
More correct set to hock
Stronger set of pastures
Stronger, straighter topped

Negative: Light boned
Fine boned
Weak topped
Post legged
Sickle hocked
Crooked legs (toes in or out)

Frame Size: Leveler docked
More slop to shoulder
Smoother shoulder
More eye appeal
Nice Profiling

Capacity: More total capacity and volume
Wider based
Wider Chested
More spring to rib
Room middle
More capacious

Negative: Shallow ribbed
Shallow Chested
Narrow ribbed
Flat ribbed
Narrow chested

Style: Flashier
More Stylish
More Eye appeal
Higher quality

Negative: Poorly Balanced
Rough, course fronted

Felinity: More famine headed

Negative: Course headed

Steers

Lead Ins Heaviest Muscled
Thicker in his rump
Highest volume
Hang a more desirable carcass
Will yield a most correctly finished, heaviest muscle carcass
Most Likely to grade choice

Undesirable: Highest Conditioned
Lightest muscled
Overly conditioned

Breeding Heifer

Structure: Leveler out her hip
More level from hooks to pins
Leveler out rump
More correct form hock to ground

Takes a more graceful stride off both ends of skeleton

Negative Structure: Steeper out her hock
Least structurally correct
Steeper out her hip

Attractiveness: More stylish
More attractive fronted
More famine fronted
Nicer profiling
More angular

Stouter Made: Heavier boned
Heavier bodied
Biggest footed

Negative: Lightest boned
Frail featured
Smallest footed

Muscle: Carries more muscle shape to quarter
Carries more natural thickness down top
Views more muscle shape down top
Wider stifle to stifle
Views more muscle dimension down top
Views more muscle dimension to quarter

Negative: Lightest muscled
Flatter in quarter

Powerfully made: wider tracking

Lead Ins: Best Breed Cow Prospect
Most famine fronted
Thicker in her quarter
Thicker down her top
Nicest profiling
Bolder sprung
Most complete heifer
Longer bodied
Higher volume
Stouter made
Most structurally correct

Volume: Bolder Sprung: deeper bodied

Deeper chested
Deeper ribbed
Opens wider from her hooks to her pins
Views with more spring and expansion to her rib

Negative: Shallow ribbed
Narrow bodied
Shallowest bodied
Narrow chested
Narrow made

SWINE TERMS

Weight: fastest gaining (if given performance data given)
Fastest to 230 (if given performance data given)

Size: larger scaled
Negative smaller scaled

Balance: leveler designed
Leveler rumped
Longer rumped
Longer fronted
Long clean faced

Negative: Course headed
Short faced

Famine: more faming appearing gilt
More famine fronted

Wider Based: Bigger bladed
Bigger ribbed
Wider tracking behind
Comes to me with more fronted dimension and lower skeletal width
More spring to rib
Bolder sprung

Volume: More shoulder and rib shape
Wider chested
Wider fronted
Wider based
Shouter fronted
Wider through lower 1/3

Negative:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> shallow bodied Shallow ribbed Narrow designed Flat ribbed Flat shouldered Flat sided Narrow bodied Narrow chested
Lead ins:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Leveler designed Longer designed Highest cutability Will yield more total pounds of product Production oriented
Muscle:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> reads with more muscle dimension to his/her top Reads with more muscle shape from shoulder to hip Views more muscular over his/her loin edge Has more flare to hip ham and stifle Has more muscle shape to ham Bolder shouldered Natural thickness Thicker stifle to stifle Thicker shouldered Groove topped Rump thickness Heavier muscled Reads more muscular over his/her loin edge More dimension from shoulder to hip
Leanness:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> leaner Freer from fat Leaner designed Cleaner through his lower 1/3 Trimmer in jowl and elbow pocket
Negative	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> excessively fat Extremely fat Wastely through lower 1/3 Too heavy conditioned Low cutability
Soundness:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> freer wheeling off both ends of his/her skeleton Leveler rumped More slope to shoulder More flex to pastern

More correct set to hock
Stronger behind shoulder
More mobile
More refined and evenly spaced underline (clean underline)

Negative	least predominate underline
Market Terms:	heavier muscled Reads with more loin edge More muscle dimension to ham More center spread to ham More flare to hip, ham, and stifle Yield more pounds of ham and loin Opens with more loin eye area Higher cutability leaner designed
Masculine:	stout front Masculine headed Sow headed Frail featured
Structure:	sounder structured Freer moving Freer wheeling Slope to shoulder (not moving to front of body) Freer wheeling off both ends of her skeleton Leveler rumped More slope to shoulder More flex to pastern More correct set to hock Stronger behind shoulder Wider based Bigger ribbed Bolder shouldered Bigger bladed
Negative	narrow based Narrow designed Flat ribbed Narrow chested
Leanest:	freer conditioned Freest from condition Freer from waste through neck and lower 1/3 More predominate ham junction Cleaner neck

